Name: ____

Period:

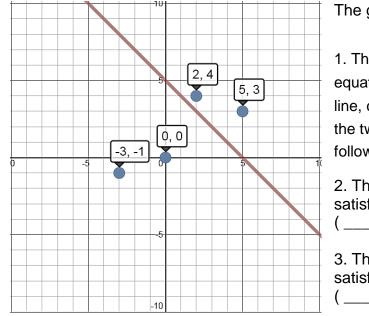
6.7 Linear Inequalities in Two Variables Topics to master:

Graph Linear Inequalities in Two Variables

Graphing inequalities in two variables is just like graphing the equation of a line.

The graph produces a line that could either be _____ or _____.

Consider the graph of the line y = -x + 5.



The graph of the line divides the points into three sets:

1. Those points that lie on the line itself and satisfy the equation y = -x + 5 [like (0, 5), (2, 3), and (5, 0)]. This line, called the ______, divides the two regions in the plane that are graphed by the following two inequalities.

2. Those that lie in the half-plane above the line and satisfy the inequality y > -x + 5 [like (_____, ____) and (_____, ____)];

3. Those that lie in the half-plane below the line and satisfy the inequality y $__$ – x + 5 [like (0, 0) and ($__$, $__$)]

Inequalities have many ______, values of x and y that will make the inequality true.

All of these solutions will be on one side of the boundary line. Because of that, one half of the graph contains all the ______.

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6.7 Linear Inequalities in Two Variables	S
Example: Graph the inequality $y > 3x - 1$	

Step 1: Graph the boundary line.	
	10 10
Use the and the y-intercept to produce	<u> </u>
the boundary line.	
,	
Use a line for &	
Use a line for &	
Step 2: Choose a test point:	
Choose any point not on the line, and substitute	-10 -19 -15 -7 -15 -15 -15 -12 -11 1 2 3 4 3 6 7 8 9 11 px
the coordinates of that point in the inequality.	
Step 3: Shade the appropriate region.	
Shade the region that includes the test point if	
the inequality ends up true.	
Otherwise, shade the region on the other side of	¥
the boundary line.	
** This method works only if	the inequality is solved for y.**
If the inequality is written in the form $y > mx + b$ o	
	y < mx + b, men.
If you my up then shade the beau	adamilina
If y > mx + b, then shade the bour	idary line,
If y mx + b, then shade the bour	adany lino:

raph y < −½x + 6	Graph $y \ge -\frac{3}{8}x - 2$
10 ^{1.0}	
<u><-10-9-8-7-8-3-8-2-2-3</u> 12345678910x	←_0 -9 -8 -7 -6 -9 -4 -9 -2 -9 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 x

Period: _____

Name: _____

Period: _____

6.7 Linear Inequalities in Two Variables Now we look at inequalities where the x and y variables are on the same side

Graph x + 2y ≤ 0	Inequality:
To make it easier to graph, isolate the variable y	

Graph x + 3y \ge – 1	Inequality:
Graph $x + 3y \ge -1$ To make it easier to graph, isolate the variable y	

A.2